- (6) Statistical, fiscal, and other records necessary for reporting and accountability required by the Secretary or designee.
- (b) The retention and access requirements for these records are prescribed at 45 CFR 92.42.

§310.90 What governing Tribal law or regulations must a Tribe or Tribal organization include in a Tribal CSE plan?

A Tribe or Tribal organization demonstrates capacity to operate a Tribal CSE program meeting the objectives of title IV-D of the Act when its Tribal CSE plan includes Tribal law, code, regulations, and/or other evidence that provides specific procedures that result in:

- (a) Establishment of paternity for any child up to and including at least 18 years of age;
- (b) Establishment and modification of child support obligations;
- (c) Enforcing child support obligations, including requirements that Tribal employers comply with income withholding as required under §310.110; and
- (d) In the absence of specific laws and regulations, a Tribe or Tribal organization may satisfy this requirement for locating noncustodial parents by providing in its plan detailed descriptions of such procedures which the Secretary or designee determines are adequate to enable the Tribe or Tribal organization to meet the performance targets approved by the Secretary or designee.

§ 310.95 What procedures governing the location of noncustodial parents must a Tribe or Tribal organization include in a Tribal CSE plan?

A Tribe or Tribal organization demonstrates capacity to operate a Tribal CSE program meeting the objectives of title IV-D of the Act when its Tribal CSE plan includes the following provisions governing the location of noncustodial parents:

- (a) In all appropriate cases, the Tribal CSE agency must attempt to locate noncustodial parents or sources of income and/or assets when location is required to take necessary action in a case; and
- (b) All sources of information and records reasonably available to the

Tribe or Tribal organization must be used to locate noncustodial parents.

§310.100 What procedures for the establishment of paternity must a Tribe or Tribal organization include in a Tribal CSE plan?

- (a) A Tribe or Tribal organization demonstrates capacity to operate a Tribal CSE program meeting the objectives of title IV-D of the Act when its Tribal CSE plan includes the procedures that result in the establishment of paternity included in this section. For cases in which paternity has not been established, the Tribe must include in its Tribal CSE plan the procedures under which the Tribal CSE agency will:
- (1) Attempt to establish paternity by the process established under Tribal law, code, and/or custom; and
- (2) Provide an alleged father the opportunity to voluntarily acknowledge paternity.
- (b) The Tribal CSE agency need not attempt to establish paternity in any case involving incest or forcible rape, or in any case in which legal proceedings for adoption are pending, if, in the opinion of the Tribal CSE agency, it would not be in the best interests of the child to establish paternity.
- (c) When genetic testing is used to establish paternity, the Tribal CSE agency must identify and use accredited laboratories which perform, at reasonable cost, legally and medically acceptable genetic tests which tend to identify the father or exclude the alleged father.

§310.105 What procedures governing guidelines for the establishment and modification of child support obligations must a Tribe or Tribal organization include in a Tribal CSE plan?

- (a) A Tribe or Tribal organization demonstrates capacity to operate a Tribal CSE program meeting the objectives of title IV-D of the Act when its Tribal CSE plan:
- (1) Establishes one set of child support guidelines by law or by judicial or administrative action for setting and modifying child support obligation amounts;
- (2) Includes a copy of child support guidelines governing the establishment